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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|----------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| 09/910.232 | 07/20/2001 | Herbert Peiffer | 00/121 MFE | 1656 |
| . 7 | 590 07/16/2002 | • | • | |
| ProPat L.L.C. Attention: Klaus Schweitzer Crósby Building 2912 Crosby Road Charlotte, NC 28211 | | | EXAMINER | |
| | | | CHEN, V | 'IVIAN |
| | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| charlotte, 110 | 2021 | | 1773 | 19 |
| | | | DATE MAILED: 07/16/2002 | 4 |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| A di lite | | | <u>H- >-</u> 4 |
|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| · ** | Application No. | Applicant(s) | (|
| v | 09/910,232 | PEIFFER ET AL. | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | |
| | Vivian Chen | 1773 | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with | h the correspondence addre | ss |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | 36(a). In no event, however, may a report within the statutory minimum of thirty fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT cause the application to become ABA | oly be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this comm NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | unication. |
| Status | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on | _ | • • • | |
| 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Th | is action is non-final. | | |
| Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under the practice and provided the practice under the practice under the practice and provided the practice under the practice | | | nents is |
| Disposition of Claims | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the application | | artining and the second se | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw | vn from consideration. | | * . |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | • | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are rejected. | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | r election requirement. | | |
| Application Papers | | • | • |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine | | | |
| 10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accept | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the | • , | • • | |
| 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on | is: a) approved b) dis | sapproved by the Examiner. | |
| If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep | · | | |
| 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex | aminer. | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 | | | |
| 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign | priority under 35 U.S.C. § | 119(a)-(d) or (f). | |
| a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of: | | | • |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority documents | s have been received. | | • |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documents | s have been received in Ap | plication No | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International But | reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | • | ıge |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list | | | • |
| 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic | • | , , , , , , | plication). |
| a) The translation of the foreign language pro 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesting | • • | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | |
| 1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>1.</u> | 5) Notice of In | ummary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). formal Patent Application (PTO-19 | |
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DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 1-15 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-15 of copending Application No. 09/922,615 (PEIFFER ET AL) *or* claims 1-14 of copending Application No. 09/922,674 (PEIFFER ET AL).

Application Nos. 09/922,615 and 09/922,674 (PEIFFER ET AL) claim multilayer polyester films having base layers, outer layers, oxygen permeability, method of making, intermediate layers, interlayer adhesion values, and other features as recited in Application 09/910,232 (claims 1-2, 4-15), wherein the films are further coated and/or metallized. However, the Applications do not explicitly claim films with the recited relative layer weight.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to adjust the relative thicknesses of the layers of the film claimed in

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Application Nos. 09/922,615 and 09/922,674 (PEIFFER ET AL) as indicated in claims 1, 3 depending on the specific mechanical, optical, and/or surface properties required for a given application.

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection.

3. Claims 1-15 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-23 of copending Application No. 09/274,781 (PEIFFER ET AL).

Application Nos. 09/274,781 (PEIFFER ET AL) claims a multilayer polyester film having a base layer, outer layer, oxygen permeability, and other features as recited in Application 09/910,232 (claims 1-2, 4, 7-15), wherein the films are further coated and/or metallized.

However, the Applications do not explicitly claim films with the recited relative layer weight.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to adjust the relative thicknesses of the layers of the film claimed in 09/274,781 as indicated in claims 1, 3 depending on the specific mechanical, optical, and/or surface properties required for a given application. One of ordinary skill in the art would have incorporated additional layers such as an intermediate adhesive or bonding layer in order to obtain high adhesion between the outer and base layers as indicated in claims 5-6. One of ordinary skill in the art would have selected the orientation and heat-setting conditions of the film as indicated in claims 13-14 in order to obtain the desired mechanical and thermal properties for specific usages.

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection.

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4. Claims 1-15 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-20 of U.S. Patent No. 6,391,410 (PEIFFER ET AL) or claims 1-22 of U.S. Patent No. 6,149,995 (PEIFFER ET AL).

Patent Nos. 6,391,410 and 6,149,995 (PEIFFER ET AL) claim multilayer polyester films having base layers, outer layers, oxygen permeability, and other features as recited in 09/910,232 (claims 1-2, 4-15), wherein the films are further coated and/or metallized. However, the Patents do not explicitly claim films with the recited relative layer weight.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to adjust the relative thicknesses of the layers of the film claimed in Patent Nos. 6,391,410 and 6,149,995 (PEIFFER ET AL) as indicated in claims 1, 3 depending on the specific mechanical, optical, and/or surface properties required for a given application. One of ordinary skill in the art would have incorporated additional layers such as an intermediate adhesive or bonding layer in order to obtain high adhesion between the outer and base layers as indicated in claims 5-6.

5. Claims 1-15 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-17 of U.S. Patent No. 6,054,212 (PEIFFER ET AL).

Patent No. 6,054,212 (PEIFFER ET AL) claims multilayer polyester films having base layers, outer layers, oxygen permeability, and other features as recited in Application 09/910,232

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(claims 1-2, 4, 7-15), wherein the films are further coated and/or metallized, and wherein the base layer makes up to 90 wt% of the film.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to adjust the relative thicknesses of the layers of the film claimed in Patent Nos. 6,391,410 and 6,149,995 (PEIFFER ET AL) as indicated in claims 1, 3 depending on the specific mechanical, optical, and/or surface properties required for a given application. One of ordinary skill in the art would have incorporated additional layers such as an intermediate adhesive or bonding layer in order to obtain high adhesion between the outer and base layers as indicated in claims 5-6. One of ordinary skill in the art would have selected the orientation and heat-setting conditions of the film as indicated in claims 13-14 in order to obtain the desired mechanical and thermal properties for specific usages.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over:

- (a) PEIFFER ET AL (US 6,054,212); or
- (b) EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATIONS 0878298 A2 *or* 0878297 A2 (hereinafter EP '298 and EP '297, respectively); or
- (c) EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATIONS 0945256 A2 *or* 0945259 A2 *or* 0945261 A2 *or* 0945262 A2 *or* 0945263 A2 (hereinafter EP '256, EP '259, EP '261, EP '262, EP '262, respectively).

Due to the number and duplicative nature of the references, citations to specific portions of individual reference have been omitted.

PEIFFER ET AL '212 and EP '298 and EP '297 disclose a multilayer polyester film having a base layers, outer layers, oxygen permeability, method of making, intermediate layers, relative proportions of layers, and other features as recited in claims 1-2, 4, 7-15, wherein the films are further coated and/or metallized However, these references do not explicitly disclose the recited interlayer adhesion.

EP '256, EP '259, EP '261, EP '262, and EP '262 disclose a multilayer polyester film having a base layers, outer layers, oxygen permeability, method of making, intermediate layers, relative proportions of layers, and other features as recited in claims 1-2, 4, 7-15, wherein the films are further coated and/or metallized However, these references do not explicitly disclose the recited interlayer adhesion.

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It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use conventional adhesion promoting treatments or layers to increase or maximize the interlayer adhesion in the films disclosed in the above cited references in order to prevent delamination.

7. Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over PEIFFER ET AL (US 6,149,995).

The applied reference has a common inventor and assignee with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art only under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) might be overcome by: (1) a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not an invention "by another"; (2) a showing of a date of invention for the claimed subject matter of the application which corresponds to subject matter disclosed but not claimed in the reference, prior to the effective U.S. filing date of the reference under 37 CFR 1.131; or (3) an oath or declaration under 37 CFR 1.130 stating that the application and reference are currently owned by the same party and that the inventor named in the application is the prior inventor under 35 U.S.C. 104, together with a terminal disclaimer in accordance with 37 CFR 1.321(c). For applications filed on or after November 29, 1999, this rejection might also be overcome by showing that the subject matter of the reference and the claimed invention were, at the time the invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person. See MPEP § 706.02(l)(1) and § 706.02(l)(2).

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PEIFFER ET AL '995 discloses a multilayer polyester film having a base layers, outer layers, oxygen permeability, method of making, intermediate layers, interlayer adhesion values, and other features as recited in claims 1-2, 4, 7-15, wherein the films are further coated and/or metallized However, PEIFFER ET AL '995 does not explicitly disclose the recited interlayer adhesion.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use conventional adhesion promoting treatments or layers to increase or maximize the interlayer adhesion in the films disclosed in PEIFFER ET AL '995 in order to prevent delamination.

Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vivian Chen whose telephone number is (703) 305-3551. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday from 8:30 AM to 6 PM. The examiner can also be reached on alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul Thibodeau, can be reached on (703) 308-2367. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9310 (for non-after finals) and (703) 872-9311 (for after-finals).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

June 29, 2002

Vivian Chen Primary Examiner Art Unit 1773 Application/Control Number: 09/910,232

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